

How to cope with stress and anxiety caused by the Texas school shooting

The mass shooting at an elementary school in Uvalde, Texas is traumatic and upsetting to all of us. It leaves many people feeling a sense of loss, frustration, hopelessness and fear. Tragic events can cause a range of intense physical, emotional and psychological symptoms. People often experience shock and disbelief and find it difficult to accept the reality of what has happened. The painful emotions following a traumatic event take time to process.

Recognize that people will have different reactions

As the initial shock wears off, normal emotional reactions in the days and hours that follow may come in waves and include:

- Crying and difficulty concentrating
- Anxiety and fear
- Flashbacks, nightmares
- Sadness and depression
- Guilt, shame or despair
- Anger and irritability
- Emotional numbness and feelings of disconnection from others
- A sense of helplessness and vulnerability
- A tendency to be “hyper-alert” and easily startled
- Problems concentrating
- Emotional outbursts

Physical reactions are a result of stress hormones flooding the nervous system. Common physical symptoms include:

- Difficulty falling or staying asleep
- Fatigue
- Headaches, stomachaches or other bodily pain
- Racing heart
- Feeling dizzy or faint
- Changes in appetite

The following tips will help you relieve traumatic stress reactions and begin healing.

What you can do

- Reach out to others for support. There may be times you don't want to talk about the traumatic event, but it's vital to stay connected with other people.
- Be prepared for and accept difficult emotions. Sometimes emotions may be triggered by reminders of the trauma and may be sudden or intense. These intense feelings will pass.
- Get back into your usual routine. While your appetite or sleeping habits may be off, try to eat healthy meals at regular times. Exercise and meditation can be very helpful for reducing stress.
- Take part in activities you enjoy.

What to avoid

- Blocking out emotions with alcohol or other drugs. This will just prolong the healing and potentially cause other problems.
- Major life changes. Give yourself time before making any big decisions.
- Cutting yourself off from other people. You don't need to go it alone.
- Watching too much media exposure of the event. Distressing images on the news or social media sites can be further traumatizing.

When to get help

- If you continue to experience stress reactions for six weeks or more that interfere with your ability to live a normal life, you may need help from a mental health professional. While everyone is different and heals at their own pace, some people develop Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD) after a traumatic event.
- Signs of PTSD include disturbing memories, nightmares or flashbacks, suicidal thoughts or feelings, disconnection from others and trouble functioning at home and work. It's important to seek help if you think you might have symptoms of PTSD.

Generally, the unsettling thoughts, feelings and physical reactions become less intense and less frequent in the days and weeks following the event.

Help is available. Your program is completely confidential and here to help you and your household members 24/7/365. No situation is too big or too small. Give us a call or visit your program website to get started.